

Contraceptive Care for All Women Ages 15-44 (CCW)

Measurement Year 2021 Performance Measures

Measure Description: The percentage of women ages 15 through 44 at risk of unintended pregnancy and those who were provided a most effective/moderately effective contraception method or a long-acting reversible method of contraception (LARC).

- Most effective LARC sterilization, IUD/IUS, implant
- · Moderately effective LARC injectables, oral pills, patch, ring, or diaphragm
- *Both Medicaid and CHIP lines of business will be reporting on the Pennsylvania Performance Measure Contraceptive Care for All Women (CCW) however, CHIP will only be reporting on members ages 15-20. Each line of business will be calculated and reported as separate rates.

Eligible Population

Women 15 to 44 years of age as of December 31 of the measurement year. Age stratifications are as follows:

- Women ages 15 to 20
 - A rate will be reported for those who had most effective LARC prescribed
 - A rate will be reported for those who had moderately effective LARC prescribed
- · Women ages 21 to 44
 - A rate will be reported for those who had most effective LARC prescribed
 - A rate will be reported for those who had moderately effective LARC prescribed

LARCs in the most effective category (ex. IUD) are preferred because they are best at preventing unplanned pregnancies.

The Following Members Will Not Be Counted in the Measure Population

- · Were infecund or infertile due to non-contraceptive reasons such as natural menopause or oophorectomy
- · Had a live birth in the last 2 months of the measurement year, i.e. after October 31
- Were still pregnant at the end of the year and did not have a pregnancy outcome indicator (live birth or non-live birth)

Numerator Codes

There is a large list of approved NCQA codes used to identify the services included in the CCW measure.

The following are just a few of the approved codes. For a complete list please reach out to your dedicated Quality Practice Liaison (QPL) or the Quality Management Department at AetnaBetterHealthPAQM@Aetna.com.



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Code Class	Codes	Description
СРТ	58300	Insertion of IUD
CPT	11981	Insertion, non- biodegradable drug delivery implant, Implanon or Nexplanon
СРТ	11983	Removal with reinsertion, non- biodegradable drug delivery implant, Implanon or Nexplanon
ICD10CM	Z30.014	Encounter for initial prescription of intrauterine contraceptive device
ICD10CM	Z30.430	Encounter for insertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
ICD10CM	Z30.433	Encounter for removal and reinsertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
ICD10CM	Z30.017	Encounter for initial prescription of implantable subdermal contraceptive
ICD10PCS	OUH97HZ	Insertion of Contraceptive Device into Uterus, Via Natural or Artificial Opening
ICD10PCS	OUH98HZ	Insertion of Contraceptive Device into Uterus, Via Natural or Artificial Opening Endoscopic
ICD10PCS	OUHC7HZ	Insertion of Contraceptive Device into Cervix, Via Natural or Artificial Opening
ICD10PCS	0UHC8HZ	Insertion of Contraceptive Device into Cervix, Via Natural or Artificial Opening Endoscopic
ICD10PCS	OUH90HZ	Insertion of Contraceptive Device into Uterus, Open Approach
HCPCS	S4981	Insertion of levonorgestrel- releasing intrauterine system
HCPCS	J7300	Intrauterine copper contraceptive
HCPCS	J7301	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 13.5 mg
HCPCS	S4989	Contraceptive intrauterine device (e.g. progestacertiud), including implants and supplies
HCPCS	J7297	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 52 mg, 3 years duration
HCPCS	J7298	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system, 52 mg, 5 year duration
HCPCS	J7296	Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine contraceptive system (Kyleena), 19.5 mg
HCPCS	J7306	Levonorgestrel (contraceptive) implant system, including implants and supplies
HCPCS	J7307	Etonogestrel [contraceptive] implant system, including implant and supplies

Strategies for Increasing LARC Use with Women in Your Practice

- · Offer educational materials on LARC to patients
- Offer English and Spanish versions
- Ensure materials are at a 5th grade reading level to increase health literacy on LARC
- Offer interpretation services at your office
- Utilize credible resources when researching LARC
 - The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) has the most current information on LARC methods and how to access LARC (acog.org/community/districts-and-sections/district-ii/programs-and-resources/medical-education/long-acting-reversible-contraception-larc)
- If your practice is not trained on LARC insertion refer interested patients to an Ob/Gyn for an annual well woman exam and contraceptive counseling.
- Advise women seeking birth control methods that there are misconceptions regarding LARC and its linkage to pelvic inflammatory disease.
 - There is no link between the two
- Advise women that LARC is safe for all ages; fertility is rapid after removal, and they are a covered benefit from Aetna Better Health (Mirena, Paragard, Nexplanon are all covered types of LARC)